Chapter 18

UPSC Previous Years Questions related to Economy not covered in earlier Chapters

Q.1 CDS-2010 Match List 1 with List II and select the correct answer using the code given below the Lists : List II (Salient feature) List I (Industrial policy)

- A. The industrial policy 1948 1. Began the process of state-centric economy B. The industrial policy 1956 2. Reaffirmed faith in mixed economy
- C. The industrial policy 1980 3. Initiated public-private partnership
- D. The industrial policy 1991 4. Ushered in mixed economy

C

Code:	А	В	с	D
(a)	4	1	2	3
(b)	4	2	1	3
(c)	3	1	2	4
(d)	3	2	1	4

Q.2 CDS-2013

Whether India is experiencing inclusive growth in the true sense can be assessed by looking at

I. the economic growth indicators of the different States of India

- 2. whether different social groups like the SCs, STs and Minorities are getting excluded from the development process
- 3. whether the government's various flagship programmes are reaching the socially excluded
- 4. State by-State human development profile

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

A. 1 only B. 2, 3 and 4 C. 2 and 4 only D. 1, 3 and 4

Q.3 CDS-2014

Corporation tax in India is levied on income of a company. Which one of the following does not include Corporation tax? (a) Profit from business (b) Capital gain (c) Interest on securities (d) Sale proceed of assets

Q.4 CDS-2015

Private investment in Indian agriculture is mostly on labour-saving mechanization. This could be a response to

(a) rising productivity of agricultural sector (b) rising inequality in agriculture

(c) rising wages and tighter labour market (d) debt write-off by the Government

Q.5 CDS-2016

Which one of the following terms is used in Economics to denote a technique for avoiding a risk by making a counteracting transaction? (a) Dumping (b) Hedging (c) Discounting (d) Deflating

Q.6 CDS-2016

Which of the following with regard to the term 'bank run' is correct?

- (a) The net balance of money a bank has in its chest at the end of the day's business
- (b) The ratio of bank's total deposits and total liabilities
- (c) A panic situation when the deposit holders start withdrawing cash from the banks
- (d) The period in which a bank creates highest credit in the market

Q.7 CDS-2016

Capital deepening refers to

- (a) going for more fixed capital per worker (b) emphasis on social overhead capital
- (c) constant capital-output ratio (d) increasing capital-output ratio

Q.8 CDS-2016

Which of the following is/are credit rating agency/ agencies in India? (a) CRISIL (b) CARE (c) ICRA (d) All of the above

Q.9 CAPF-2011

Which one among the following is not an institution of Indian Money Market? (a) Reserve Bank of India (b) Bill Brokers (c) Merchant Bankers (d) Non-Banking Financial Intermediaries

Q.10 CAPF-2011

Which one among the following is not a component of fiscal policy?

(a) Taxation policy (b) Public debt policy (c) Trade policy (d) Public expenditure policy

Q.11 CAPF-2012

In the context of agricultural revolution in India, which of the following statements is/are correct?

- 1. White revolution in the field of agricultural development is associated with modernization of sheep farming.
- 2. Second green revolution is associated with development of horticulture.

3. Blue revolution in the field of agriculture is associated with improvement in the production of fish and marine products.

Select the correct answer using the code given below. (a) 1 only (b) 3 only (c) 2 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3

Q.12 CAPF-2013

Which of the following statements related to globalization is/are correct?

- 1. It has resulted in the change of scale in economic activities.
- 2. End of Cold War facilitated globalization.

3. Flow of money in transnational corporations is discouraged.

Select the correct answer using the code given below. (a) 1 and 2 only (b) 1 only (c) 2 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3

Q.13 CAPF-2013

Privatization includes

(a) sale of public enterprises to private sector (b) disinvestment of public enterprise equity

(e) participation of private sector in management in public sector enterprises (d) All of the above

Q.14 CAPF-2013

Which one among the following sectors in India has the highest share of employment? (a) Agriculture and allied activities (b) Manufacturing (c) Construction (d) Tertiary sector

Q.15 CAPF-2014

Which of the following factors affects individual's demand for a commodity ? 1. Price of the commodity 2. Income of the consumer 3. Prices of related goods Select the correct answer using the code given below : (a) 1 and 2 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 1, 2 and 3 (d) 1 only

Q.16 CISF-LDC-2012 Which one among the following price indices does not indicate net asset value of a stock ?

(a) Residex (b) Sensex (c) Nifty (d) Wholesale Price Index

Q.17 ES-2013

Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act makes a paradigm shift from the previous wage employment programmes by :

(a) focusing on all-round development of the rural people

(b) providing wage employment in rural areas a legal binding for the State Governments

(c) providing a statutory guarantee of wage employment

(d) None of the above is correct in this context

Q.18 NDA-2010

Planning in India drew on

- (a) New economic programme of Lenin (b) The Fabian socialism of Sidney and beatrice webb
- © The British welfare mechanism (d) New democratic development packages

Q.19 NDA-2016

Areas which are engines for economic growth supported by quality infrastructure and, complemented by an attractive fiscal package are known as

(a) Export Processing Zones (b) Duty Free Tariff Zones (c) Special Economic Zones (d) Technology Parks

Q.20 SCRA-2010

An increase in money supply in the economy will lead to

(a) increase in inflow of FDI (b) appreciation of domestic currency (c) increase in prices In the economy (d) None of the above

Q.21 SCRA-2011

In India, property tax is levied by

(a) Central Government (b) State Governments (c) Local Government (d) both Central Government and State Governments

Q.22 Prelims 1999

From the balance sheet of a company, it is possible to

- (a) judge the extent of profitability of the company
- (b) assess the profitability and size of the company
- (c) determine the size and composition of the assets and liabilities of the company
- (d) determine the market share, debts and assets of the company

Q.23 SCRA-2014

Balanced growth implies that

(a) growth of no sector is impeded by inadequate growth in another sector (b) supply and demand grow at the same pace (c) growth rates of income and consumption are the same (d) growth rate of savings is equal to growth rate of investment

Q.24 SCRA-2014

In India, which one among the following taxes/duties now follows a negative list approach? (a) Customs duty (b) Excise duty (c) Service tax (d) Income tax

Q.25 SCRA-2015

Gadgil formula was evolved to distribute

(a) taxes between the Union and States (b) plan assistance among States

(c) amount of loans to needy States (d) grants among special category States

Q.26 SCRA-2015 Unbalanced growth strategy keeps in view (a) linkages between industries (b) prices across industries (c) employment across industries (d) contribution of various industries to GDP Q.27 Prelims 2010 With reference to India, consider the following 1. Nationalization of Banks 2. Formation of Regional Rural Banks 3. Adoption of villages by Bank Branches Which of the above can be considered as steps taken to achieve the "financial inclusion" in India? (a.) 1 and 2 only (b.) 2 and 3 only (c.) 3 only (d.) 1, 2 and 3 Q.28 CISF 2021 Which one among the following is the most important reason for female migration in India? (a) Work/Employment (b) Marriage (c) Education (d) Business Q.29 Prelims 2010 Consider the following statements : In India, taxes on transactions in Stock Exchanges and Futures Markets are 1. levied by the Union 2. collected by the State which of the statements given above is /are correct? (a.) 1 only (b.) 2 only (c.) Both 1 and 2 (d.) Neither 1 nor 2 Q.30 Prelims 2010 In the context of governance, consider the following: 1. Encouraging Foreign Direct Investment inflows 2. Privatization of Higher educational Institutions 3. downsizing of bureaucracy 4. selling/offloading the shares of Public Sector Undertakings Which of the above can be used as measures to control the fiscal deficit in India? (a.) 1, 2 and 3 (b.) 2, 3 and 4 (c.) 1, 2 and 4 (d.) 3 and 4 only Q.31 Prelims 2010 In India, the interest rate on savings account in all the nationalized commercial banks is fixed by (a.) Union Ministry of Finance (b.) Union Finance Commission (c.) Indian Banks' Association (d.) None of the above Q.32 Prelims 2009 In the context of independent India's Economy, which one of the following was the earliest event to take place? A. Nationalisation of Insurance companies B. Nationalisation of State Bank of India C. Enactment of Banking Regulation Act D. Introduction of First Five Year Plan Q.33 Prelims 2006 Which one of the following statements is correct ? Fiscal Responsibility and Budget Management Act (FRBMA) concerns (a) fiscal deficit only (b) revenue deficit only (c) both fiscal and revenue deficit (d) neither fiscal deficit nor revenue deficit. Q.34 Prelims 2003 Debenture holder of a company are its (a) Shareholders (b) Creditors (c) Debtors (d) Directors Q.35 Prelims 2001 Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the Lists : List II List I (Publisher) (Publication) I. Ministry of Industry (A) Report on Currency and Finance II. Central Statistical Organisation (B) Economic Survey III. Reserve Bank of India (C) Wholesale Price Index IV. Ministry of Finance (D) National Accounts Statistics Codes: (a) ID, IIC, IIIB, IVA (b) IC, IID, IIIA, IVB (c) ID, IIC, IIIA, IVB (d) IC, IID, IIIB, IVA Q.36 Prelims 2001 Consider the following: I. Market borrowing II. Treasury bills III. Special securities issued to RBI Which of these is/are component(s) of internal debt ? (a) I only (b) I and II (c) II only (d) I, II and III Q.37 Prelims 2000 Economic liberalisation in India started with (a) substantial changes in industrial licensing policy (b) the convertibility of Indian rupee (c) doing away with procedural formalities for foreign direct investment (d) significant reduction in tax rates Q.38 Prelims 2000 The growth rate of per capita income at current prices is higher than that of per capita income at constant prices, because the latter takes into account the rate of (a) growth of population (b) increase in price level (c) growth of money supply (d) increase in the wage rate

Q.39 Prelims 2000

Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the Lists :

List I

I. Boom (A) Business activity at high level with increasing income, output and employment at macro level

List II

II. Recession (B) Gradual fall of income, output and employment with business activity in a low gear

III. Depression (C) Unprecedented level of under employment and unemployment, drastic fall in income, output and employment

IV. Recovery (D) Steady rise in the general level of prices, income, output and employment

Codes:

(a) IA, IIB, IIIC, IVD (b) IA, IIB, IIID, IVC (c) IB, IIA, IIID, IVC (d) IB, IIA, IIIC, IVD

Q.40 Prelims 1991

The main source of financing the implementation of development programmes is

- (a) Internal resources from taxes and other measures
- (b) External finance as borrowings/loans from foreign governments
- (c) External finance as loans from international finance agencies
- (d) External finance as loans from foreign governments and international finance agencies

Q.41 Prelims 1993

Which one of the following modes of privatisation is the most comprehensive and complete?

- (a) Introduction of private capital in public sector
- (b) Contracting out management of public enterprises to the private sector
- (c) Transferring ownership and management to the workers
- (d) Transferring ownership and management to the private sector

Q.42 Prelims 1994

To know whether the rich are getting richer and the poor getting poorer, it is necessary to compare

- (a) the wholesale price index over different periods of time for different regions
- (b) the distribution of income of an identical set of income recipients in different periods of time
- (c) the distribution of income of different sets of income recipients at a point of time
- (d) the availability of food grains among two sets of people, one rich and the other poor, over different periods of time

Q.43 Prelims 1994

The principal reason why national economic planning is still being pursued in spite of embracing a market economy since 1991 (a) it is a Constitutional requirement

- (b) the vast quantity of capital already deployed in the public sector needs to be nurtured
- (c) Five Year Plans can continue to provide a long term perspective to the economy in market friendly fashions
- (d) the market economy is mainly confined to industry and commerce and central planning in agriculture is necessary

Q.44 Prelims 1995

Which of the following pairs are correctly matched ?

I. Increase in foreign exchange reserves – Monetary expansion II. Low import growth rate in India – Recession in Indian Industry III. Euro issues – Shares held by Indian companies in European countries IV. Portfolio investment – Foreign institutional investors Select the correct answer by using the following codes :(a) I, II and IV (b) III and IV (c) I, II and III (d) I, II, III and IV

Q.45 Prelims 1995

One of the reasons for India's occupational structure remaining more or less the same over the years has been that (a) investment pattern has been directed towards capital intensive industries

- (a) investment pattern has been directed towards capital intensive industries
- (b) productivity in agriculture has been high enough to induce people to stay with agriculture
- (c) ceilings on land holdings have enabled more people to own land and hence their preference to stay with agriculture

(d) people are largely unaware of the significance of transition from agriculture to industry for economic development

Q.46 Prelims 1996

In India, rural incomes are generally lower than the urban incomes. Which of the following reasons account for this ?

- I. A large number of farmers are illiterate and know little about scientific agriculture.
- II. Prices of primary products are lower than those of manufactured products.

III. Investment in agriculture has been low when compared to investment in industry.

Select the correct answer by using the codes given below : (a) I, II and III (b) I and II (c) I and III (d) II and III

Q.47 Prelims 1996

Consider the following statements:

Most international agencies which fund development programmes in India on intergovernmental bilateral agreements, mainly provide I. Technical assistance. II. Soft loans which are required to be paid back with interest.

III. Grants, not required to be paid back. IV. Food assistance to alleviate poverty.

Of these statements (a) II and IV and correct (b) I, II and III are correct (c) I, II and IV are correct (d) III and IV are correct

Q.48 Prelims 1996

The emerging trading blocs in the world, such as NAFTA, ASEAN and the like, are expected to

(a) act as constrictions in free trade across the world

- (b) promote free trade on the lines laid down by the WTO
- (c) permit transfer of technology between member countries
- (d) promote trade in agricultural commodities between countries of the North and South

Q.49 Prelims 1996

Assertion (A): An important policy instrument of economic liberalization is reduction in import duties on capital goods. Reason (R): Reduction in import duties would help the local entrepreneurs to improve technology to face the global markets. In the context of the above two statements, which one of the following is correct ? (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A (b) Both A and R are true and R is not a correct explanation of A (c) A is true but R is false (d) A is false but R is true

Q.50 Prelims 1996

Assertion (A): Though India's national income has gone up several fold since 1947, there has been no marked improvement in the per capita income level.

Reason (R): Sizeable proportion of the population of India is still living below the poverty line.

In the context of the above two statements which one of the following is correct ?

(a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A (b) Both A and R are true but R is not a correct explanation of A (c) A is true but R is false (d) A is false but R is true

Q.51 Prelims 1998

The supply side economics lays greater emphasis on the point of view of (a) producer (b) global economy (c) consumer (d) middleman

Q.52 Prelims 1999

Consider the following statements :

Industrial development in India, to an extent, is constrained by

I. lack of adequate entrepreneurship and leadership in business. II. lack of savings to invest.

III. lack of technology, skills and infrastructure. IV. limited purchasing power among the larger masses.

Which of the above statements are correct ? (a) I, II and III (b) I, III and IV (c) II, III and IV (d) I, II and IV

Q.53 Prelims 1999

Consider the following statements :

Small scale industries are, in most cases, not as efficient and competitive as the large scale ones. Yet the Government provides preferential treatment and reservations in a range of products to the small firms because small scale industries

I. provide higher employment on a per unit capital deployment basis.

II. promote a regional dispersion of industries and economic activities.

III. have performed better in export of manufactured products than the large scale ones.

IV. provide jobs to low skill workers, who otherwise may not find employment avenues elsewhere.

Which of the above statements are correct ?

(a) I and IV (b) I and II (c) II and III (d) III and IV

Q.54 Prelims 1999

The farmers are provided credit from a number of sources for their short and long term needs. The main sources of credit to the farmers include

(a) the Primary Agricultural Cooperative Societies, commercial banks, RRBs and private money lenders

(b) the NABARD, RBI, commercial banks and private moneylenders

(c) the District Central Cooperative Banks (DCCB), the lead banks, IRDP and JRY

(d) the Large Scale Multipurpose Adivasis Programme, DCCB, IFFCO and commercial banks

Q.55 Prelims 2016

There has been a persistent deficit budget year after year. Which action/actions of the following can be taken by the Government to reduce the deficit?

1. Reducing revenue expenditure 2. Introducing new welfare schemes 3. Rationalizing subsidies 4. Reducing import duty Select the correct answer using the code given below. (a) 1 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

Q.56 Prelims 2015

There has been a persistent deficit budget year after year. Which of the following actions can be taken by the government to reduce the deficit?

1. Reducing revenue expenditure 2. Introducing new welfare schemes 3. Rationalizing subsidies 4. Expanding industries Select the correct answer using the code given below. (a) 1 and 3 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 1 only (d) 1,2,3 and 4

Q.57 Prelims 2016

Which of the following best describes the term 'import cover', sometimes seen in the news?

(a) It is the ratio of value of imports to the Gross Domestic Product of a country

- (b) It is the total value of imports of a country in a year
- (c) It is the ratio between the value of exports and that of imports between two countries
- (d) It is the number of months of imports that could be paid for by a country's international reserves

Q.58 Prelims 2015

'Basel III Accord' or simply 'Basel III', often seen in the news, seeks to

(a) develop national strategies for the conservation and sustainable use of biological diversity

- (b) improve banking sector's ability to deal with financial and economic stress and improve risk management
- (c) reduce the greenhouse gas emissions but places a heavier burden on developed countries

(d) transfer technology from developed Countries to poor countries to enable them to replace the use of chlorofluorocarbons in refrigeration with harmless chemicals

Q.59 Prelims 2015
The problem of international liquidity is related to the non-availability of
(a) goods and services (b) gold and silver (c) dollars and other hard currencies (d) exportable surplus

Q.60 Prelims 2015 A decrease in tax to GDP ratio of a country indicates which of the following? 1. Slowing economic growth rates 2. Less equitable distribution of national income Select the correct answer using the code given below. a) 1 only b) 2 only c) Both 1 and 2 d) Neither 1 nor 2 Q.61 Prelims 2015 The terms 'Agreement on Agriculture', 'Agreement on the Application of Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures' and Peace Clause' appear in the news frequently in the context of the affairs of the: a) Food and Agriculture Organization b) United Nations Framework Conference on Climate Change c) World Trade Organization d) United Nations Environment Programme Q.62 Prelims 2014 If the interest rate is decreased in an economy, it will (a) decrease the consumption expenditure in the economy (b) increase the tax collection of the Government © increase the investment expenditure in the economy (d). increase the total savings in the economy Q.63 Prelims 2013 Which of the following grants/ grant direct credit assistance to rural households? 1. Regional Rural Banks 2. National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development 3. Land Development Banks Select the correct answer using the codes given below: (a) 1 and 2 only (b) 2 only (c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3 Q.64 Prelims 2013 Supply of money remaining the same when there is an increase in demand for money, there will be (a) a fall in the level of prices (b) an increase in the rate of interest © a decrease in the rate of interest (d) an increase in the level of income and employment Q.65 Prelims 2012 Under which of the following circumstances may 'capital gains 'arise? 1 when there is an increase in the sales of a product 2 when there is a natural increase in the value of the property owned. 3 when you purchase a painting and there is a growth in its value due to increase in its popularity. Select the correct answer using the codes given below: a) 1 only b) 2 and 3 only c) 2 only d) 1, 2 and 3 Q.66 Prelims 2012

Which of the following measures would result in an increase in the money supply in the economy?

1 Purchase of govt securities from the public by the central bank

2 Deposit of currency in commercial banks by the public

3 borrowing by the govt. from the central bank

4 Sale of govt. securities to the public by the central bank

Select the correct answer using the codes given below:

a)1 b)2 and 4 only c)1 and 3 d)2, 3 and 4

Q.67 Prelims 1998 & 2012

Consider the following statement:

The price of any currency in international market is decided by the

1. World Bank 2. Demand for goods/services provided by the country concerned

3. Stability of the government of the concerned country 4. Economic potential of the country in question.

Which of the statements given above are correct? a) 1, 2, 3 and 4 b) 2 and 3 only c) 3 and 4 only d) 1 and 4 only

Q.68 Prelims 2012

Which of the following can be said to be essentially the parts of 'Inclusive Governance'?

1. Permitting the Non-Banking Financial Companies to do banking

2. Establishing effective District Planning Committees in all the districts

3.Increasing the government spending on public health

4. Strengthening the Mid-day Meal Scheme

Select the correct answer using the codes given below:

a. 1 and 2 only b. 3 and 4 only c. 2,3 and 4 only d. 1, 2, 3 and 4

Q.69 Prelims 2011

In terms of economy, the visit by foreign nationals to witness the XIX common wealth games in India amounted to? (a) Export. (b) Import. (c) Production. (d) Consumption.

Q.70 Prelims 2011

Which one of the following statements appropriately describes the "fiscal stimulus" ?

(a) It is a massive investment by the government in manufacturing sector to ensure the supply of goods to meet the demand surge caused by rapid economic growth.

(b) It is an intense affirmative action of the government to boost economic activity in the country.

(c) It is government's intensive action on financial institutions to ensure disbursement of loans to agriculture and allied sectors to promote greater food production and contain food inflation.

(d) It is an extreme affirmative action by the government to pursue its policy of financial inclusion

Q.71 Prelims 2011

In India, which of the following have the highest share in the disbursement of credit to agriculture and allied activities ? (a) Commercial banks. (b) Cooperative banks. (c) Regional rural banks. (d) Microfinance institutions.

Q.72 Prelims 2011

Which of the following can aid in furthering the government's objective of inclusive growth ?

1. Promoting self-help groups. 2. Promoting micro, Small and medium enterprises. 3. Implementing the right to education act. Select the correct answer using the codes given below : (a) 1 only. (b) 1 and 2 only. (c) 2 and 3 only. (d) 1, 2 and 3

Q.73 CDS-2014

Which of the following statements about India's unorganized sector are true?

I. Labour is more in number than that in the organized sector. 2. Job security and work regulation are better in unorganized sector. 3. They are usually not organized into trade unions. 4. Workers are usually employed for a limited number of days. Select the correct answer using the code given below. (a) I, 2 and 4 (b) I, 3 and 4 (c) 3 and 4 only (d) 1 and 3 only

Q.74 CDS-2013

Which one among the following is a fixed cost to a manufacturing firm in the short run ? (a) insurance on buildings (b) overtime payment to workers (C) cost of energy (d) cost of raw materials

Q.75 CDS-2013

The value of money varies:

(a) directly with the interest rate (b) directly with the price level (c) directly with the volume of employment (d) inversely with the price level

Q.76 CDS-2013

Corporation tax is imposed by :

(a) State Government (b) Central Government (c) Local Government (d) State as well as Central Government

Q.77 CDS-2013

In India, the price of petroleum products has been deregulated mainly to :

(a) reduce the burden of subsidies given to the oil companies (b) discourage the exploration of oil reserves in the country

(c) discourage the demand for private vehicles (d) curb the use of black money in the Economy

Q.78 CDS-2012

Fiscal policy in India is formulated by

(a) the Reserve Bank of India (b) the Planning Commission © the Finance Ministry (d) the Securities and Exchange Board of India

Note: Fiscal policy is implemented through the Budget (i.e. Finance ministry).

Q.79 CDS-2014

Which of the following statements are correct?

1. When marginal revenue is positive, total revenue increases with increase in output.

2. When marginal revenue is zero, total revenue is maximum.

3. When marginal revenue becomes negative, total revenue falls with increase in output. "

Select the correct answer using the code given below: (a) 1 and 2 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3

Q.80 CDS-2014

Which one among the following is not a source of tax revenue for the Central Government in India? (a) Income tax (b) Customs duties (c) Service tax (d) Motor Vehicle tax

Q.81 CDS -2011

Brent index is associated with (a) crude oil prices (b) copper future prices (c) gold future prices (d) shipping rate index

Q.82 ES-2013

Brent index is associated with :

(a) Crude oil prices (b) Copper future prices © Eco-friendly status of processed foods (d) Energy efficiency status of electrical goods

Q.83 CDS-2011

According to Goldman Sachs' review of emerging economies, by 2050 which one of the following would be the order of the largest economies in the world?

(a) China-USA-India-Brazil-Mexico (b) USA-China-India-Brazil-Mexico

(c) China-USA-Brazil-India-Mexico (d) USA-Mexico-China-India-Brazil

Q.84 CDS-2011

Consider the following statements about Sinking Fund:

1. It is a method of repayment of public debt.

2. It is created by the government out of budgetary revenues every year.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct? (a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Q.85 CDS-2015 Demand for a commodity refers to (a) Desire for that commodity (b) Need for that commodity (c) Quantity demanded of that commodity (d) Quantity demanded at certain price during any particular period of time

Q.86 CDS-2015

Rise in the price of a commodity means

(a)rise in the value of currency only (b) fall in the value of currency only

(c) rise in the value of commodity only (d) fall in the value of currency and rise in the value of commodity

Q.87 Prelims 2010

In the context of Indian economy, consider the following pairs:

Term Most appropriate description

1. Melt down Fall in stock prices

2. RecessionFall in growth rate

3. Slow down Fall in GDP

Which of the pairs given above is/are correctly matched? (a.) 1 only (b.) 2 and 3 only (c.) 1 and 3 only (d.) 1, 2 and 3

Q.88 CDS-2011

Along with goods manufactured using child labour, some of the developed countries have started to boycott goods manufactured in developing countries using 'sweat labour'. 'Sweat labour' implies goods produced by

(a) female labourers at a very low wage

(b) labourers working in inhuman/unhealthy working conditions

(C) labourers working for more than eight hours a day without any break

(d) labourers where there is a wage discrimination between male and female labourers

Q.89 Prelims 2002

A country is said to be in debt trap if

(a) it has to abide by the conditionalities imposed by the International Monetary Fund

- (b) it has to borrow to make interest payments to on outstanding loans
- (c) it has been refused loans or aid by creditors abroad

(d) the World Bank charges a very high rate of interest on outstanding as well as new loans

Q.90 NDA Exam 2017

Which one of the following was the venue of 2nd BRICS Youth Summit of the Ministers, Officials and Youth Delegations ? (a) New Delhi (b) Mumbai (c) Shillong (d) Guwahati

Q.91 NDA Exam 2017

Dr. Urjit Patel, who has been appointed recently as Governor of Reserve Bank of India, was holding which position immediately prior to this appointment?

(a) Chief Economist, IMF (b) Deputy Governor, Reserve Bank of India

(c) Chief Economic Advisor to the Government of India (d) Professor of Economics at Harvard University

Q.92 NDA Exam 2017

Surge pricing takes place when a service provider

- (a) raises the price of its product or service as demand outstrips supply
- (b) follows preset prices immune to demand and supply dynamics
- (c) fixes a minimum price for its services
- (d) fixes an average price on the basis of transactions carried over a day

Note: Uber and Ola cab are doing this during peak hours

Q.93 NDA Exam 2017

Which one of the following is NOT one of the objectives of Act East Policy ?

(a) To promote economic cooperation, cultural ties and develop strategic relationship with countries in the Asia-Pacific region

- (b) To promote peace and amity with the neighboring countries of Asia
- (c) To place emphasis on India-ASEAN cooperation in India's domestic agenda
- (d) To provide enhanced connectivity to the North East of India

Q.94 CDS 2008

The acronym SRO, being used in the capital market for various market participants, stands for which one of the following?

- a) Self Regulatory Organisations b) Small Revenue Operators
- c) Securities Roll-back Operators d) Securities Regulatory Organisations

Q.95 NIOS

Which of the following characteristics are most likely found in developing countries?

(a) high population growth rates. (b) large number of people living in poverty.

(c) very traditional methods of agricultural production. (d) all of the above

Q.96 NIOS

Total income is same as disposable income if (a) consumption = 0, (b) Saving = 0 (c) tax and fines = 0, (d) income = 0.

Q.97 NIOSDeveloping nations have(a) A lower infant mortality rate. (b) A greater degree of equality in the income distribution.(c) lower rate of illiteracy. (d) None of above

Q.98 NIOS

For how many days MNREGA provides employment? (a) 70 (b) 80 (c) 90 (d) 100

Q.99 NIOS

Value added is a measure of the contribution of A. a resident. B. a production unit. C. an entrepreneur. D. a worker.

Q.100 NIOS

Which of the following is not treated as compensation of employees?

A. Payment of salary. B. Payment of bonus. C. Payment of travelling expenses on a business tour. D. Free accommodation..

Q.101 CAPF 2021

On the basis of employment conditions, the economy is divided into

- (a) organized and unorganized sectors (b) private and public sectors
- (c) seasonal and disguised sectors (d) primary, secondary and tertiary sectors

Q.102 CISF 2022

Which one of the following metals is mixed with gold to provide strength to the jewellery ? (a) Manganese (b) Mica (c) Aluminium (d) Copper

Q.103 CDS 2022

In the recently formed grouping of countries generally known as 'Middle-East Quad', in addition to India, which of the following are other members?

(a) Egypt, Saudi Arabia and USA (b) Israel, UAE and USA (c) Egypt , UAE and UK (d) Israel, Saudi Arabia and UK

Q.104 CDS 2022

Which one of the following inputs is required in less quantity in case of non-farming activities?

(a) Land (b) Labour (c) Capital (d) Raw material

Q.105 CISF 2022

The concept 'fallback liability', recently in the news, is in relation to :

(a) the Central Government grants to States. (b) business-of e-commerce companies.

(c) recapitalisation of public sector banks. (d) merger of small banks with big banks.

Fallback liability: In case of non-delivery of goods or services by a seller on a marketplace platform, which causes loss to the consumer, the marketplace will be subject to a fallback liability.

Q.106 NDA 2021

Which one of the following is not a feature of agriculture in India?

(a) Subsistence agriculture (b) Pressure of population on agriculture

(c) Dependence upon Monsoon (d) Predominance of cash crops

Q.107 CDS 2021

Which one of the following is the opportunity cost of a chosen activity?

(a) Out of pocket cost (b) Out of pocket cost plus cost incurred by the Government

(c) Value of all opportunities forgone (d) Value of next best alternative that is given up

Q.108 Prelims 2022

In India, which one of the following compiles information on industrial disputes, closures, retrenchments and lay-offs in factories employing workers?

(a) Central Statistics Office (b) Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal trade

(c) Labour Bureau (d) National Technical manpower Information System

Q.109 CAPF 2021

Which one of the following functions as an automatic stabilizer in the context of fiscal and monetary policies of an economy? (a) Personal income tax (b) Reverse reported of bank (c) Open market operation (d) Bond price

Q.110 Prelims 2022

With reference to Convertible Bonds, consider the following statements:

1. As there is an option to exchange the bond for equity, Convertible Bonds pay a lower rate of interest.

2. The option to convert to equity affords the bondholder a degree of indexation to raising consumer prices.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

(a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Q.111 NIOS

The final expenditure is the expenditure on :

A. Consumption only. B. Investment only. C. Both consumption and investment. D. Neither on consumption nor on investment.

Q.112 NIOS

One of the reasons of inequality in income is

a. Existence of private property b. Lack of equal distribution of wealth c. Both of the above d. None of the above

Q.113 Prelims 2017

Which of the following has/have occurred in India after its liberalization of economic policies in 1991?

- 1. Share of agriculture in GDP increased enormously.
- 2. Share of India's exports in world trade increased.
- 3. FDI inflows increased.
- 4. India's foreign exchange reserves increased enormously.

Select the correct answer using the codes given below :

(a) 1 and 4 only (b) 2, 3 and 4 only (c) 2 and 3 only (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

Q.114 CDS 2016

Which of the following is/are example(s) of 'Near Money' ?

- 1. Treasury Bill
- 2. Credit Card

3. Savings accounts and small time deposits

4. Retail money market mutual funds

Select the correct answer using the code given below :

(a) I only (b) 2 only (c) 1, 2 and 3 (d) 1, 3 and 4

Q.115 ES-2018

Which of the following are the benefits of E-governance system?

1. Simplicity, efficiency and accountability 2. Quality service to citizens

3. Better access to information 4. Expanded reach of governance

(a) 1, 2 and 3 only (b) 1, 2 and 4 only (c) 3 and 4 only (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

Q.116 ES-2018

A Whistle blower is someone who

(a) Whistles classical music (b) Informs on any illegal, unethical or corrupt activity going on in the organisation

© Is adept in whistling (d) Boasts about himself/herself

Q.117 ES-2011

- In India, which item of imports is the highest in terms of value?
 - (a) Gold, gems and jewellery (b) IT imports (c) Petroleum and petroleum products (d) Machinery and equipment

Q.118 Prelims 2018

If a commodity is provided free to the public, by the Government, then

a) the opportunity cost is zero.

b) the opportunity cost is ignored.

c) the opportunity cost is transferred from the consumers of the product to the taxpaying public.

d) the opportunity cost is transferred from the consumers of the product to the Government.

Q.119 CAPF 2018 (Economic Survey 2017)

- If farmers' loans are waived in India, how will it affect the aggregate demand in the economy?
- 1. Private consumption impact via increase in private sector net wealth
- 2. Public sector impact via changes in government expenditure/taxes
- 3. Crowding-out impact via higher borrowings by State Governments
- 4. Crowding-in impact via higher credit availability as bank NPAs fall

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

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(a) 1, 2 and 3 only (b) 1, 2, 3 and 4 (c) 3 and 4 only (d) 1 and 2 only
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Q.120 CDS 2019

Sub-prime crisis' is a term associated with which one of the following events? a) Economic recession b) Political instability c) Structural adjustment programmes d) Growing social inequality

Q.121 CDS 2019

Consider the following statements about a joint-stock company :

- 1. It has a legal existence.
- 2. There is limited liability of shareholders.
- 3. It has a democratic management.
- 4. It has a collective ownership.
- Which of the statements given above are correct?

a) 1 and 2 only b) 1, 2 and 3 only c) 3 and 4 only d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

Q.122 Prelims 2019

Which one of the following is not the most likely measure the Government/RBI takes to stop the slide of Indian rupee?

- (a) Curbing imports of non-essential goods-and promoting exports
- (b) Encouraging Indian borrowers to issue rupee denominated Masala Bonds
- (c) Easing conditions relating to external commercial borrowing
- (d) Following an expansionary monetary policy

Q.123 Prelims 2019

In the context of India, which of the following factors is/are contributor/ contributors to reducing the risk of a currency crisis?

- 1. The foreign currency earnings of India's IT sector
- 2. Increasing the government expenditure
- 3. Remittances from Indians abroad

Select the correct answer using the code given below. (a) 1 only (b) 1 and 3 only (c) 2 only (d) 1, 2 and 3

Q.124 Prelims 2019

In the context of any country, which one of the following would be considered as part of its social capital?

(a) The proportion of literates in the population

(b) The stock of its buildings, other infrastructure and machines

- (c) The size of population in the working age group
- (d) The level of mutual trust and harmony in the society

Q.125 CDS 2019

Which of the following statements with regard to the 'Make in India' initiative is/are correct?

1. It was launched in the year 2018

2. Its objective is to foster innovation

Select the correct answer using the code given below :

(a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Answer: The Make in India initiative was launched by Prime Minister in September 2014 to transform India into a global design and manufacturing hub.

Q.126 CDS 2019

What is Inter-cropping?

(a) It is the time period between two cropping seasons

- (b) It is growing of two or more crops in random mixture
- (c) It is growing of two or more crops in definite row patterns
- (d) It is growing of different crops on a piece of land in a pre-landed succession

Q.127 CDS 2020

Which one of the following is not an objective of the MGNREGA?

(a) Providing up to 100 days of skilled labour in a financial year

- (b) Creation of productive assets
- (c) Enhancing livelihood security
- (d) Ensuring empowerment to women

<u>Ans</u>

MGNREGA aims at enhancing livelihood security in rural areas by providing at least 100 days of guaranteed wage employment in a financial year to every household whose adult members volunteer to do unskilled manual work. MGNREGA Scheme is administered by ministry of Rural Development

Q.128 CDS 2022

Which one of the following statements with regard to the National Rural Employment Guarantee Act, 2005 is correct? (a) It ensures 175 days of employment to needy persons in rural areas. (b) It gives higher wages to women workers. (c) People are generally given both skilled and unskilled jobs. (d) This is implemented only in rural areas of India.

Q.129 CDS 2020

The formulation of policy in respect to Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs) is the responsibility of (a) the Ministry of Law and Justice (b the Department of Science and Technology (c) the Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (d) the Ministry of Human Resource Development

Q.130 CDS 2020

Which of the following are considered to be the four pillars of human development?

(a) Equity, inclusion, productivity and empowerment (b) Equity, productivity, empowerment and sustainability

(c) Productivity, gender, inclusion and equity (d) Labour, productivity, inclusion and equity

<u>Ans</u>

The Four Pillars of Human Development

Equity refers to making equal access to opportunities available to everybody. The opportunities available to people must be equal irrespective of their gender, race, income and in the Indian case, caste. Yet this is very often not the case and happens in almost every society.

Sustainability means continuity in the availability of opportunities. To have sustainable human development, each generation must have the same opportunities. All environmental, financial and human resources must be used keeping in mind the future. Misuse of any of these resources will lead to fewer opportunities for future generations.

Productivity here means human labour productivity or productivity in terms of human work. Such productivity must be constantly enriched by building capabilities in people. Ultimately, it is people who are the real wealth of nations. Therefore, efforts to increase their knowledge, or provide better health facilities ultimately leads to better work efficiency.

Empowerment means to have the power to make choices. Such power comes from increasing freedom and capability. Good governance and people-oriented policies are required to empower people. The empowerment of socially and economically disadvantaged groups is of special importance.

Q.131 CAPF 2021Which one of the following is a pull factor for migration?(a) Natural disaster (b) High wage (c) Housing shortage (d) Low income

Q.132 Prelims 2019Among the following, which one is the largest exporter of rice in the world in the last five years?(a) China (b) India (c) Myanmar (d) Vietnam

Q.133 Prelims 2020

In India, which of the following can be considered as public investment in agriculture ?

1. Fixing Minimum Support Price for agricultural produce of all crops

2. Computerization of Primary Agricultural Credit Societies

3. Social Capital development

4. Free electricity supply to farmers

5. Waiver of agricultural loans by the banking system

6. Setting up of cold storage facilities by the governments

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

(a) 1, 2 and 5 only (b) 1, 3, 4 and 5 only (c) 2, 3 and 6 only (d) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6

Q.134 Prelims 2020

What is the importance of the term "Interest Coverage Ratio" of a firm in India?

1. It helps in understanding the present risk of a firm that a bank is going to give loan to.

2. It helps in evaluating the emerging risk of a firm that a bank is going to give loan to.

3. The higher a borrowing firm's level of Interest Coverage Ratio, the worse is its ability to service its debt.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

(a) 1 and 2 only (b) 2 only (c)1 and 3 only (d) 1,2 and 3

Interest Coverage Ratio is EBIT to interest expenses. It measures the ability of businesses to service its debt i.e. number of times a company can make interest payments on its debt with its earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)

Suppose EBIT is Rs. 100 lacs and Interest exps is Rs. 10 Lacs then Interest Coverage Ratio is 100/10 = 10. In case Interest exps is Rs. 20 Lacs then Interest Coverage Ratio is 100/20 = 5 hence high coverage ratio is better.

Q.135 Prelims 2020

Which of the following factors/policies were affecting the price of rice in India in the recent past?

1. Minimum Support Price 2. Government's trading 3. Government's stockpiling 4. Consumer subsidies

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

(a) 1,2 and 4 only (b) 1,3 and 4 only (c)2 and 3 only (d) 1,2,3 and 4

Q.136 Prelims 2020

In the context of the Indian economy, non-financial debt includes which of the following?

1. Housing loans owned by household

2. Amounts outstanding on credit cards

3. Treasury Bills

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

(a) 1 only (b) 1 and 2 only (c) 3 only (d) 1,2 and 3

Q.137 Prelims 2020

With reference to the Indian Economy after the 1991 economic liberalization, consider the following statements:

1. Worker productivity (rupees per worker at 2004-05 prices) increased in urban areas while it decreased in rural areas.

- 2. The percentage share of rural areas in the workforce steadily increased.
- 3. In rural areas, the growth in the non-farm economy increased.
- 4. The growth rate in rural employment decreased.
- Select the correct answer using the code given below:

(a) 1and 2 only (b) 3 and 4 only (c) 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 4 $\,$

Q.138 CAPF 2020

Which one of the following was recognized as 'invisible hand' by Adam Smith $\ensuremath{\mathsf{?}}$

(a) Government (b) Market/Price Mechanism (c) Judiciary (d) Legislature

Q.139 CDS 2021

The situation where the equilibrium level of real GDP falls short of potential GDP is known as (a) Recessionary gap (b) Inflationary gap (c) Demand-side inflation (d) Supply-side inflation

Q.140 CDS 2021

The percentage by which the money the borrower pays back exceeds the money that was borrowed is called as (a) Bank rate (b) Nominal interest rate (c) Real interest rate (d) Terms of credit

Q.141 CDS 2021

The asset or assets that a borrower pledges in order to guarantee repayment of a loan is called as (a) Cheque (b) Collateral (c) Guarantee card (d) Bond

Ans

Collateral is an asset that the borrower owns (such as land, building, vehicle, livestocks, deposits with banks) and uses this as a guarantee to a lender until the loan is repaid. If the borrower fails to repay the loan, the lender has the right to sell the asset or collateral to obtain payment.

Q.142 Geo Scientist 2021

India is a destination for global outsourcing. Which of the following is/are the more appropriate reason(s) for making the multinational corporations choose India for outsourcing their services?

1. Lower wage rate

2. Higher rate of unemployment

3. Availability of skilled human power

4. Cordial relationship with government

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

(a) 1 only (b) 1 and 3 (c) 2 and 4 (d) 3 and 4

Q.143 Geo Scientist 2021

Certain geographical regions in a country may have economic laws different from the country's typical economic laws. Which one of the following could be the reason for allowing the differences in economic laws for particular geographical regions? (a) Increasing trade in the country (b) Discretionary allocation of natural resources

(c) Increasing foreign investment (d) Leverage connections to extract a larger share of existing wealth

Ans: SEZ is a geographical region that has economic laws different from a country's typical economic laws. Usually the goal is to increase foreign investments.

Q.144 ES 2021

Statement (I) : Issue of shares is the most common method especially to raise long-term funds.

Statement (II) : The equity shareholders are residual owners who have restricted claim on income as dividend.

You are to examine these two statements carefully and select the answers to these items using the codes given below:

- (a) Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are individually true and Statement (II) is the correct explanation of Statement (I)
- (b) Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are individually true but Statement (II) is NOT the correct explanation of Statement (I)
- (c) Statement (I) is true but Statement (II) is false

(d) Statement (I) is false but Statement (II) is true

Q.145 NDA 2022

Consider the following statements about 'Ude Desh ka Aam Nagrik (UDAN)' scheme:

1. It is an innovative scheme to develop the regional aviation market.

2. It creates affordability yet economically viable and profitable flight on regional routes.

Which of the statements given above is / are correct?

(a) 1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Q.146 NDA 2022

The activities or services focussed on creation, rearrangement and interpretation of new and existing ideas are referred to as (a) quaternary activities (b) quinary activities (c) tertiary activities (d) secondary activities

Q.147 CAPF 2022

'Operation Flood' is also popularly known as

(a) the Green Revolution (b) the White Revolution (c) the Blue Revolution (d) the Yellow Revolution

Q.148 CAPF 2022

The 'Stand-Up India Scheme' is related to which one of the following issues?

(a) Social security during old age

- (b) Providing technical knowhow to young, educated or skilled workers from rural areas
- (c) Promoting entrepreneurship amongst women, SC and ST communities
- (d) Insurance cover to people in the age group of 18-50 years

Q.149 CAPF 2022

Nowadays, 'nonfungible tokens' are talked about in the context of

(a) digital assets on a blockchain

(b) operations of 'banking correspondents' in rural areas

(c) multifactor authentication security requirement in banking transactions

(d) transactions through 'small finance banks'

Q.150 CAPF 2022

The principle of 'common but differentiated responsibilities and respective capabilities', often talked about in media, refers to

(a) WHO's COVID-19 Vaccination Drive

- (b) contributions to the International Monetary Fund
- (c) reduction of greenhouse gas emissions
- (d) contributions to the United Nations Peacekeeping Operations

Q.151 CAPF 2022

- With reference to Indian economy, the term 'bad bank', frequently mentioned in news, refers to
- (a) an asset reconstruction company (b) an asset management company
- (c) a bank with huge 'nonperforming assets (d) a bank that has become insolvent

Q.152 CAPF 2022

- A non-banking financial company cannot
- (a) give loans (b) make investments
- (c) borrow from bank (d) seek demand deposits from public and cannot issue cheques

Q.153 CAPF 2022

The proceeds from disinvestment are included as (a) non-tax revenue (b) revenue receipts (c) capital receipts (d) tax revenue

Q.154 CAPF 2022

GST is a/an

- (a) destination-based consumption tax (b) origin-based production tax
- (c) destination-based sales tax on transaction (d) origin-based tax on sales transaction

Q.155 CDS 2022

Which one of the following statements about Non-Banking Financial Companies (NBFCs) is not correct?

- (a) NBFCs cannot accept demand deposits.
- (b) NBFCs cannot give loans.
- (c) NBFCs cannot issue cheques drawn on themselves.
- (d) NBFCs cannot offer deposit insurance facility of Deposit Insurance and Credit Guarantee Corporation.

Q.156 CDS 2022

The Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT) has revised the base year index of Eight Core Industries having a combined weight of about 40.27 percent in the Index of Industrial Production. Which one of the following is not one of the Eight Core Industries?

(a) Coal (b) Refinery products (c) Rubber products (d) Cement

Q.157 CDS 2022

India has achieved the 10 percent Ethanol blending much ahead of the targeted date. Which one among the following greatly benefits from this?

(a) Cassava plantations (b) Maize farming (c) Sugar industry (d) Wine industry

Q.158 CDS 2022

- Which one of the following is considered as an agency function of commercial banks in India?
- (a) Acceptance of deposits (b) Investment of surplus funds
- (c) Acceptance of income tax payments (d) Providing overdraft facilities

Q.159 CDS 2022

Which one of the following Labour Codes notified by the Government of India incorporated various provisions of the Central Labour Acts such as the Factories Act, 1948 and Plantations Labour Act, 1951 ?

(a) The Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020 (b) The Industrial Relations Code, 2020

(c) The Code on Wages, 2019 (d) The Code on Social Security, 2020

Q.160 CDS 2022

The terms 'Ethereum, Solana, Polkadot and Tether', sometimes mentioned in the news, refer to (a) Cryptocurrencies (b) Earth Observation Satellites (c) Hypersonic Cruise Missiles (d) Virtual Private Network service Providers

Q.161 CDS 2022

Recently, the United Nations agreed to change the name of which one of the following countries? (a) Algeria (b) Jordan (c) Morocco (d) Turkey

Q.162 CDS 2022

The SWIFT (The Society for Worldwide Interbank Financial Telecommunication) frequently mentioned in news, is essentially a (a) Global financial intelligence agency (b) Global terror finance detection system (c) Global money transfer system (d) Global stock-market information sharing system

Q.163 CDS 2022

Which one of the following central features is not associated with Capitalist Economy ?

(a) There is generalised commodity production - it has market value.

(b) Productive wealth is held predominantly in private hands.

(c) Economic life is organised according to market principles.

(d) Economic organisation is based on planning, a supposedly rational process of resource allocation.

Q.164 CDS 2022

The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (IBBI) was established in the year (a) 2014 (b) 2015 (c) 2016 (d) 2017

Q.165 CDS 2022

Among the following countries, where did the idea of 'Social Market Economy' emerge in 1950s ? (a) Germany (b) France (c) United States of America (d) United Kingdom

Q.166 CDS 2022

While forming the 'Indo-Pacific Economic Framework for Prosperity', the member countries launched collective discussions towards future negotiations on four pillars. Which one of the following is not one of those pillars ? (a) Clean energy, decarbonisation and infrastructure (b) Defence cooperation and intelligence sharing

(c) Supply chain (d) Tax and anti-corruption

Q.167 CDS 2022

Consider the following statements about the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs):

1. The MSMEs comprise a dynamic sector of the Indian economy providing large employment opportunities.

2. MSMEs require low capital cost and help industrialization of backward regions.

3. MSMEs contribute enormously to socio-economic development.

How many of the above statements is/are correct ?

(a) None (b) 1 (c) 2 (d) 3

Q.168 CDS 2022

In India, which one of the following is responsible for the implementation of the Government of India's policy in all matters concerning telecommunications ?

(a) Digital Communications Commission (b) Telecom Regulatory Authority of India

(c) Telecom Advisory Committee (d) Telecommunications Consultants India Limited

Q.169 CDS 2022

Which one of the following forms of money supply is considered as the most widely used in the Indian monetary system ? (a) M1 (b) M2 (c) M3 (d) M4

Q.170 CDS 2022

Which one among the following reports defines Sustainable Development as development that meets the needs of the present generation without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs?

(a) Brundtland Report (b) United Nations Human Development Report

(c) Agenda-21 of the Rio Earth Summit (d) OECD Policy Brief (2006)

Q.171 CAPF 2022

Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the code given below the Lists

List-I (R A. ASEA B. CIS C. EU D. OPEC Code:		lock)	List-II (Headquarters) 1. Brussels 2. Vienna 3. Minsk 4. Jakarta						
(a)	А	В	С	D					
()	4	3	1	2					
(b)	A 4	B 1	C 3	D 2					
(c)	A 2	B 1	C 3	D 4					
	Z	I	3	4					
(d)	A 2	B 3	C 1	D 4					

Q.172 CAPF 2022

Which of the following sets of nations are members of the BIMSTEC Initiative?

(a) Bangladesh, Bhutan, Nepal, India and Sri Lanka

- (b) Bangladesh, Bhutan, Nepal, India, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Myanmar
- (c) Bangladesh, Bhutan, Nepal, India, Sri Lanka and Maldives
- (d) Bangladesh, Bhutan, Nepal, India, Myanmar, Sri Lanka and Indonesia

Q.173 CDS 2022

Recently, the term 'two-pillar solution/two-pillar package' often seen in the news, refers to .

(a) Global energy security in near future (b) International cyber crime reporting

(c) Minimum global corporate tax (d) Prevention of international money laundering

Q.174 CDS (1) 2023

Which one of the following is a measure that can be used by the Government for combatting inflation?

(a) Increasing the non-planned expenditure on defence, police, etc.

- (b) Providing more subsidies on exports
- (c) Increasing the rate of interest on savings and fixed deposits
- (d) Reduction in the cash reserve ratio (CRR)

Q.175 ES 2023

What is 'The Pandora Papers' ?

(a) It is the document related to the top 100 highest tax payers of the world

(b) It is the project of investigation which leaked almost 12 million documents that reveals hidden wealth, money laundering by some

of the world's rich and powerful

(c) It is the record of total revenue collected at the world level

(d) It is the document containing record of the top young talented entrepreneurs under the age 30

Q.176 Prelims 2023

Consider the investments in the following assets:

- 1. Brand recognition
- 2. Inventory
- 3. Intellectual property
- 4. Mailing list of clients

How many of the above are considered intangible investments? (a) Only one (b) Only two (c) Only three (d) All four

Q.177 Prelims 2023

Consider the following heavy industries

1. Fertilizer plants

2. Oil refineries

3. Steel plants

Green hydrogen is expected to play a significant role in decarbonizing how many of the above industries? (a) Only one (b) Only two (c) All three (d) None

Q.178 Prelims 2023

In the context of finance, the term 'beta' refers to

(a) the process of simultaneous buying and selling of an asset from different platforms

(b) an investment strategy of a portfolio manager to balance risk versus reward

(c) a type of systemic risk that arises where perfect hedging is not possible

(d) a numeric value that measures the fluctuations of a stock to changes in the overall stock market

Answers of MCQs													
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
d	b	С	b	С	а	d	С	С	С	а	d	а	С
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
С	а	С	С	С	С	b	С	b	d	d	b	а	b
32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
С	С	b	b	d	а	b	а	а	d	b	d	а	а
47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
b	b	а	b	а	а	b	а	С	а	d	b	С	а
62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75
С	С	b	b	С	b	С	а	b	а	d	b	а	d
	2 d 17 c 32 c 47 b 62	2 3 d b 17 18 c a 32 33 c c 47 48 b b 62 63	234dbc171819cac323334ccb474849bba626364	2345dbcb17181920cacc32333435ccbb47484950bbab62636465	23456dbcbc1718192021caccc3233343536ccbbd4748495051bbaba6263646566	234567dbcbca171819202122cacccc323334353637ccbbda474849505152bbabaa626364656667	2345678dbcbcad17181920212223cacccb32333435363738ccbbdab47484950515253bbabab62636465666768	23456789dbcbcadc1718192021222324caccccbc3233343536373839ccbbdaba4748495051525354bbabaaba6263646566676869	2345678910dbcbcadcc171819202122232425caccccbcb323334353637383940ccbdabaa474849505152535455bbabaabac626364656667686970	234567891011dbcbcadccc17181920212223242526cacccbcbd32333435363738394041ccbbdabaad47484950515253545556bbaabacaac62636465666768697071	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 d b c b c a d c c a 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 c a c c c b d d d d 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 c c b d a b a a d b 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 b b a b a b a c a d f 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 d b c b c a d c c a d 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 c a c c b c b c b d b 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 c c b d a b a a d b d 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 b b a b a b a c a d b f 43 55 56 57 58 55 56 57 58 b b a b	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 d b c b c a d c c a d a 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 c a c c c b d b a 3 39 30 30 30 30 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 c c b d a b a a d b a 34 44 c c b d a b a a d b a a 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 b b a b a b <

Answers of MCQs

76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
b	а	С	d	d	а	а	а	С	d	d	а	С	b	d
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105
b	а	b	а	d	С	d	d	b	С	а	d	b	а	b
106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
d	d	С	а	С	С	а	b	d	d	b	С	С	b	а
121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135
d	d	b	d	d	С	а	d	С	b	b	b	С	а	d
136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150
d	b	b	а	b	b	b	С	b	С	b	b	С	а	С
151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165
а	d	С	а	b	С	С	С	а	а	d	С	d	С	а
166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178		
b	d	а	С	а	а	b	С	С	b	С	С	d		

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